

Acetic anhydride Safety Data Sheet according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: Acetic anhydride
IUPAC name	: acetic anhydride
EC no	: 203-564-8
CAS No	: 108-24-7
Type of product	: Liquid
Formula	: C4H6O3
Chemical structure	

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture

: It is used as a laboratory reagent. It is also used to make cellulose acetate, pharmaceuticals, detergents and other chemicals.

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jubilant Life Sciences Limited

FACTORY & REGISTERED OFFICE: Jubilant Life Sciences Ltd., Bhartiagram, Gajraula, District: Amroha, Uttar Pradesh-244223,IndiaT +91-5924-252353 to 252360Contact Department-Safety: Ext. 7424F +91-5924-252352

HEAD OFFICE: Jubilant Life Sciences Ltd., Plot 1-A, Sector 16-A,Institutional Area, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, 201301 - India T +91-120-4361000 - F +91-120-4234881 / 84 / 85 / 87 / 95 / 96 support@jubl.com - www.jubl.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : +91-	9997022412; +91-9359674864		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification			
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture	2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
GHS-US classification			
Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226		
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302		
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4	H332		
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A	H314		
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	B H335		
Full text of H statements : see section 16			

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms

GHS02 GHS05 GHS07
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
Precautionary statements : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P233 - Keep container tightly closed



Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment P241 Use explosion-proof ventilating, lighting, electrical equipment
- P260 Do not breathe fume, gas, vapours
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Child-resistant fastening Tactile warning

: No : No

2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients			
3.1. 5	Substance		
Name	: Acetic	anhydride	
CAS No	: 108-24	4-7	
EC no	: 203-56	64-8	
Name		Product identifier	%
Acetic anh	ydride	(CAS No) 108-24-7	100
		(EC no) 203-564-8	

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES	
4.1. Description of first aid measure	IS
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Coughing. May cause respiratory irritation. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Shortness of breath. Risk of lung oedema.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Corrosive to eyes and skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Lacrimation. Redness. Eye contact with concentrated solutions may cause severe eye damage followed by loss of sight.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand. : Do not use a heavy water stream.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the s	substance or mixture	
Fire hazard	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.	
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Risk of explosion with vapours in confined spaces, drainage and sewage system.	
Reactivity in case of fire	: Thermal decomposition generates : Toxic vapours are released (CO, CO2).	
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Hazardous decomposition products may be released during prolonged heating like smokes, carbon monoxide and dioxide.	



Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

5.3. Advice for firefigl	nters
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protective equipment for fire	fighters : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
SECTION 6: Accident	al release measures
6.1. Personal precaut	ions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
General measures	: For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Do not breathe fumes, vapours. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. For larger spills, dike area and pump into waste containers Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Shovel material into a convenient waste disposal container Do not allow into drains or water courses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. If the product enters drains or sewers the local water company should be contacted immediately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the National Rivers Authority. Use personal protective equipment as required. For further information refer to section 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection.
6.1.1. For non-emergen	cy personnel
Protective equipment	Spill should be handled by trained cleaning personnel properly equipped with respiratory and eye protection. Wear an approved high-efficiency dust/fume respirator.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Avoid breathing mist or vapour.
Measures in case of dust rel	ease : not applicable.
6.1.2. For emergency re	esponders
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.
6.2. Environmental pr	ecautions
Prevent entry to sewers and	public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and mat	erial for containment and cleaning up
For containment Methods for cleaning up	 Take up mechanically (sweeping, shovelling) and collect in suitable container for disposal. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers. Store away from other materials.
6.4. Reference to othe	er sections
For further information refer Disposal considerations".	to section 8 : Exposure-controls/personal protection. For disposal of residues refer to section 13 :
SECTION 7: Handling	and storage
7.1. Precautions for s	afe handling
Additional hazards when pro	cessed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Precautions for safe handling	 Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. No open flames. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. vapours Do not breathe vapours, mist, spray, fume. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Hygier	ne measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
7.2.	Conditions for safe storage, inclu-	uding any incompatibilities
Techn	ical measures	 Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment. Comply with applicable regulations.
Storag	le conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Water, humidity, Direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

refer to section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection		
8.1. Control parameters		
Acetic anhydride (108-24-7)		
France	Local name	Anhydride acétique
France	VLE (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
France	VLE (ppm)	5 ppm
United Kingdom	Local name	Acetic anhydride
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	2.5 mg/m ³



Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Acetic anhydride (108-24-7)		
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	0.5 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
USA - ACGIH	Local name	Acetic anhydride
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	3 ppm
USA - ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
USA - OSHA	Local name	Acetic anhydride
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm

Acetic anhydride (108-24-7)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	
Acute - local effects, dermal	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	12.6 mg/m ³	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	
Long-term - local effects, dermal	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	4.2 mg/m ³	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	4.2 mg/m ³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Acute - systemic effects, dermal	Exposure based waiving	
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	Exposure based waiving	
Acute - systemic effects, oral	Exposure based waiving	
Acute - local effects, dermal	Exposure based waiving	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	Exposure based waiving	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	Exposure based waiving	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	Exposure based waiving	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	Exposure based waiving	
Long-term - local effects, dermal	Exposure based waiving	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	Exposure based waiving	
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	3.058 mg/l	
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.3058 mg/l	
PNEC (Sediment)		
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	11.36 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC sediment (marine water)	1.136 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (Soil)		
PNEC soil	0.47 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	115 mg/l	
8.2. Exposure controls		

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Personal protective equipment

: Avoid all unnecessary exposure.



Safety Data Sheet

LIFESCIENCES	according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)
Materials for protective clot	hing : According to the conditions of use, protective gloves, apron, boots, head and face protection must be worn. In case of repeated or prolonged exposure use Chemical resistant protective apron/clothing (tested to EN 14605 or equivalent);Chemical resistant gloves (according to European standard EN 374 or equivalent)
Hand protection	: Wear protective gloves. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.
Eye protection	 Chemical goggles or face shield. Eye protection, including both chemical splash goggles and face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing. Use chemically protective clothing. Boots
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate mask. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134). Wear appropriate mask. (NIOSH-approved). half-mask with filter according to EN 149.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.
SECTION 9: Physica	I and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and cl	
Physical state	: Liquid
Molecular mass	: 102.09 g/mol
Colour	: colorless.
Odour	: Strong. Pungent. vinegar odour.
Odour threshold	: 0.12 - 0.36 ppm
рН	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: -73 °C
Boiling point	: 139.5 °C
Flash point	: 49 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 316 °C
Decomposition temperature	: (DTA) no exotherm
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 0.68 kPa (5.1 mm Hg) @ 25'C
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 3.52 (air=1)
Relative density	: 1.08 g/cm ³ at 20 Deg. C
Solubility	: completely (100%) soluble in water. Water: 0.12 g/l at 20 Deg. C
Log Pow	: -0.58
Log Kow	: -0.27
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.842 mPa.s @ 25 Deg. C
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

OFOTION		
SECTION	10: Stability and	l reactivity
	i or orability allo	

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with water. Thermal decomposition generates : Toxic vapours which could include nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide and cyanide.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Reacts with : Incompatible materials.



10.4

Acute toxicity

Acetic anhydride

Safety Data Sheet

Conditions to avoid according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame, and strongly oxidizing conditions. Avoid static electricity discharges. Avoid shock and friction. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong bases. Water. Chlorinated hydrocarbons. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

: Oral: Harmful if swallowed. Inhalation:vapour: Harmful if inhaled.

Acetic anhydride (108-24-7) LD50 oral rat 1780 mg/kg bodyweight LD50 dermal rat 0 mg/kg bw/day 4000 mg/kg LD50 dermal rabbit 1000 ppm 4h LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) LC50 inhalation rat (Dust/Mist - mg/l/4h) 1680 mg/l/4h 6h LC50 inhalation rat (Vapours - mg/l/4h) 1 Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: No data available Serious eye damage/irritation : Serious eye damage, category 1, implicit pH: No data available Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Acetic anhydride was evaluated for mutagenicity in the Salmonella/ microsome preincubation assay using the standard protocol approved by the National Toxicology Program. Acetic anhydride was tested at doses of 0.0033, 0.01, 0.033, 0.10, 0.19, 0.33, 0.90, and 1.0 mg/plate in as many as 5 Salmonella typhimurium strains (TA1535, TA1537, TA97, TA98, and TA100) in the presence and absence of rat or hamster liver S-9. Acetic anhydride was negative in these tests and the highest ineffective dose tested in any S. typhimurium strain was 1.0 mg/plate. This dose exhibited some clearing of the background bacterial lawn. Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause respiratory irritation. Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified exposure) In consideration of the marked acute toxic treatment-related effects (clinical, macroscopic and microscopic) seen among males exposed at 400 ppm, and the less marked but clear toxic effects seen in both sexes exposed at 100ppm, neither of these levels would be suitable for further investigation in studies with a longer period of treatment. At an exposure level of 25 ppm, there was clear evidence of toxicity in both sexes, and although tolerable for 10 days of exposure, changes were similar to, but less severe than, at higher exposure levels. Thus, in a longer period of exposure, this exposure level may prove too high and, as such, should only serve as an upper level from which dosages can be selected. Aspiration hazard : Not classified : Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms

SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general : Avoid release to the environment. Acetic anhydride (108-24-7)

LC50 fish 1		> 300.82 mg/l 96 h species: Oncorhynchus mykiss	
	EC50 Daphnia 1	> 300.82 48h Species: Daphnia magna	
	EC50 72h algae (1)	> 300.82 mg/l 72h	
	ErC50 (algae)	300.82 mg/l @ 72 h	

12.2. Persia	Persistence and degradability		
Acetic anhyd	ride (108-24-7)		
Persistence a	nd degradability	Readily biodegradable.	



Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential				
Acetic anhydride (108-24-7)				
Log Pow	-0.58			
Log Kow	-0.27			
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available. Not established.			
12.4. Mobility in soil				
Acetic anhydride (108-24-7)				
Log Koc	0.48 QSAR model			
Ecology - soil	The half-life for the hydrolysis of acetic anhydride is 4.4 minutes(SRC), based on a rate constant of 0.002625 1/sec at 25 deg C(1). Hydrolysis is expected to be the predominate fate			
	of acetic anhydride in soil.			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB asse	essment			
Acetic anhydride (108-24-7)				
This substance/mixture does not meet th	e PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII			
This substance/mixture does not meet th	e vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII			
12.6. Other adverse effects				
Other adverse effects	: No data available.			
Additional information	: Avoid release to the environment			
Additional mormation				
SECTION 13: Disposal consider	rations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods				
Regional legislation (waste)	: Dispose of contents/container to Comply with applicable local, national and international regulations.			
Waste treatment methods	: Avoid release to the environment.			
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of			

: Avoid release to the environment.

Additional informationcontents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulation.Additional information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

ADR	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ			
14.1. UN number					
1715	1715	1715			
14.2. UN proper shippin	g name				
ACETIC ANHYDRIDE	ACETIC ANHYDRIDE	Acetic anhydride			
Transport document descrip	ption				
UN 1715 ACETIC ANHYDRIDE, 8 (3), II, (D/E)	UN 1715 ACETIC ANHYDRIDE, 8 (3), II				
14.3. Transport hazard of	lass(es)				
8 (3)	8 (3)	8 (3)			
	8				
14.4. Packing group					
II II		Ш			
14.5. Environmental hazards					
Dangerous for the Dangerous for the		Dangerous for the environment : No			
environment : No	environment : No				
	Marine pollutant : No				
	No supplementary information available				



14.6. Special precautions for user

- Overland transport	
Classification code (ADR)	: CF1
Limited quantities (ADR)	: 11
Excepted quantities (ADR)	: E2
Packing instructions (ADR)	: P001, IBC02
Mixed packing provisions (ADR)	: MP15
Portable tank and bulk container	: T7
instructions (ADR)	
Portable tank and bulk container special	: TP2
provisions (ADR)	
Tank code (ADR) Vehicle	: L4BN
for tank carriage Transport	: FL
category (ADR)	: 2
Special provisions for carriage -	: \$2
Operation (ADR)	: 83
Hazard identification number (Kemler	. 65
No.) Orange plates	83
	1715
Tunnel restriction code (ADR)	: D/E
EAC code	: •3W
APP code	: A(fl)
- Transport by sea	
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 1L
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E2
Packing instructions (IMDG) IBC	: P001
packing instructions (IMDG) Tank	: IBC02
instructions (IMDG)	: T7
Tank special provisions	: TP2
(IMDG) EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-C
Stowage category (IMDG)	: A
Stowage and segregation	: Clear of living quarters.
(IMDG) Flash point (IMDG)	: 54℃ c.c.
Properties and observations (IMDG)	: Colourless, flammable liquid with an irritating odour. Flashpoint: 54 °C c.c. Immiscible with water. In the presence of moisture, corrosive to most metals. Vapour irritates mucous
	membranes.
MFAG-No	: 137
- Air transport	
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E2 : Y840
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	
PCA limited quantity max net quantity	: 0.5L : 851
(IATA) PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 1L
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 1L : 855
CAO packing instructions	: 855 : 30L
(IATA) CAO max net quantity	: 30L : 8F
(IATA) ERG code (IATA)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Anr	nex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:



Acetic anhydride Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

3.a. Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F	Acetic anhydride
3.b. Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10	Acetic anhydride - Acetic anhydride

Acetic anhydride is not on the REACH Candidate List

Acetic anhydride is not on the REACH Annex XIV List

15.1.2. National regulations

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Germany

VwVwS Annex reference	: Water hazard class (WGK) 1, low hazard to waters (Classification according to VwVwS, Annex 1 or 2;ID No. 3)				
12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV	: Is not subject of the 12. BlmSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)				
Netherlands					
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	: The substance is not listed				
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	: The substance is not listed				
NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Borstvoeding	: The substance is not listed				
NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid	: The substance is not listed				
NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Ontwikkeling	: The substance is not listed				
Denmark					
Class for fire hazard	: Class II-1				
Store unit	: 5 liter				
Classification remarks	: R10 <h226;h302+h332;h314;h335>; Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed</h226;h302+h332;h314;h335>				
Recommendations Danish Regulation	: Young people below the age of 18 years are not allowed to use the product				
15.2. Federal and state Regulations					
Acetic anhydride TSCA 8(b) invent	CAS# 108-24-7 is listed on the TSCA inventory. Acetic anhydride TSCA 8(b) inventory: Acetic anhydride CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Acetic anhydride Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).				

15.3. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

US information

List of Information							
Name	Cas Number	EPCRA TPQ	EPCRA RQ	CERCLA RQ	TRI	RCRA Code	CAA TO
	oue Hambel			0=			0.0.1
		Sec. 302	Sec. 304	Sec. 103	Sec. 313		Sec. 112r
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7			5,000 lbs			
,							

SECTION 16: Other information

Compilation information of safety data sheet

Date of compilation	: March 06, 2012
Chemical	: Acetic anhydride
CAS #	: 108-24-7
File Name	: 0028Gj Ghs13 Div.1 sds Acetic anhydride
Revision Number	: 13
Date of Issue of SDS	: January 12, 2016
Revision Due Date	: December, 2017
Supersedes date	: September 10, 2015



Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Abbreviations	and acronyms:	
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
EC50	Median effective concentration	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Median lethal concentration	
LD50	Median lethal dose	
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rai	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
Sources of K	COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Data arise from reference works and literature and from information from providers of the used chemicals.	
	described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. The information on this sheet is not a specification and does not guarantee specific properties. The information is intended to provide general knowledge as to health and safety based upon our knowledge of handling, storage, and use of the product. It is not applicable to unusual or non-standard uses of the product or where	

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

instruction or recommendations are not followed.

SDS US (GHS HazCom2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product